621.923.1



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DETERMINATION OF THE STOCK REMOVAL RATE CALCULATION PARAMETERS FOR PROFILE GRINDING ON CNC MACHINE

The paper developed a method of determining the stock removal rate calculation parameters for profile grinding - the specific material removal rate and the volume of cut material - by means of replacing any arbitrary profile of the grinding wheel with the equivalent right-angled profile, which is set to the same depth of cut. The data to determine the width of the equivalent right-angled profile are given.

Key words: profile grinding, specific material removal rate, volume of cut material, equivalent right-angled profile, grinding stock

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	,	- (),
tionous profile arinding)	,	(discon-
unuous prome grinning)		()
(continuous generating ge	r grinding) – .	(),
	(characteristic values)	-
	(mate	rial removal rate) O.
$\begin{pmatrix} 3/\\ \end{pmatrix}$,	$V_w ($ ³ $)$	(un-deformed
() (width)	-
$: Q_w = \frac{3}{(\cdot \cdot \cdot)} V$	$w^{3/}$ [1, 2].	-
$Q_w (-3/)$		[3] (-
),	() 3	
•	V_w (³)	-

 $\frac{3}{(\cdot \cdot)}$ $\dot{V_w}$ (volume of Q_w (specific material removal rate)

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$$S_{GHEB} = S_{JGHE} - S_{JGB} \tag{3}$$

$$S_{JGHE} = S_{IHE} + S_{JGHI} \tag{4}$$

(3) (4)

$$S_{GHEB} = (S_{IHE} + S_{JGHI}) - S_{JGB}$$
(5)

.2

 $S_{IHE} = S_{JGB} \tag{6}$

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$$S_{GHEB} = (S_{JGB} + S_{JGHI}) - S_{JGB}$$
(7)
$$S_{GHEB} = S_{JGHI} \qquad S_{JGHI} = S_{BCDE} ,$$

$$S_{GHEB} = S_{BCDE}$$
(8)

$$S_{OHEB} = S_{GHEB} - S_{GHO} \tag{9}$$
(6) (7)

$$S_{OHEB} = S_{BCDE} - S_{GHO} \tag{10}$$

(

.2)

BCDE. (*W_a* .2).



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. 3.

$$S_{IHEM} = S_{OHEB} + S_{IOBEM} \,. \tag{11}$$

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$$S_{IOBEM} = S_{IOBM} + S_{MBE}, \qquad (12)$$

$$S_{MBE} = S_{BPE}, \tag{13}$$

$$S_{OHPB} = S_{IOBM} \tag{14}$$

$$S_{OHEB} = S_{OHPB} + S_{BPE} \,. \tag{15}$$

(13) (14)
$$S_{IOBEH} = S_{OHEB}$$
. (16)

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(16), (11)
$$S_{IHEM} = 2S_{OHEB}$$
. (17)

3.

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. 4.

(10

$$S_{i+1} = S_{7-8-9-10} - (2S_{1-11-2}), \qquad (20)$$

$$S_{7-8-9-10} = 2(t_{i+1} \cdot a_{i+1}) - 7-8-9-0; a_{i+1} - -$$

;
$$S_{1-11-2} = \frac{1}{2} t_{i+1} b_{i+1} - 1 - 1 - 1 - 2$$

5–12–6; *b*_{*i*+1} –

 $t_{(i+1)}$.

$$Q_{w(i+1)} = \left[2(t_{i+1} \cdot a_{i+1}) - 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot t_{i+1} \cdot b_{i+1}\right] \cdot V , \qquad (21)$$

$$Q_{w(i+1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \cdot t_{i+1} \cdot a_{i+1} - t_{i+1} \cdot b_{i+1} \end{bmatrix} \cdot V = V \cdot t_{+1} \begin{pmatrix} 2a_{+1} - b_{+1} \end{pmatrix}.$$
(22)
$$a_{i+1} \qquad b_{i+1} \qquad 4-6-9 \quad 5-12-6,$$

$$b_{i+1} = b_{i+1} = -6-9 = 5-12-6,$$

$$a_{i+1} = \operatorname{tg} \left(t_{i+1} + \sum_{k=1}^{i} t_k \right),$$
(23)

;
$$\sum_{k=1}^{l} t_k -$$

 t_{i+1} .

—

•

$$b_{i+1} = tg \ t_{i+1}$$
(24)
(22) (23) (24)
$$Q_{w(i+1)} = V \cdot t_{+1} \left(2tg \left(t_{+1} + \sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} \right) - t_{+1} \cdot \right) =$$
$$= V \cdot t_{i+1} \left(2tg \ \cdot t_{i+1} + \sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} - t_{i+1} \right) =$$
$$= V \cdot t_{i+1} \cdot tg \left(t_{i+1} + \sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} \right)$$
,

$$Q_{w(i+1)} = V \cdot t_{+1} \cdot \text{tg} \left(t_{+1} + \sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} \right)$$
(25)
$$\left(t_{i+1} + \sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} \right) \qquad W_{a(i+1)} .$$

$$Q_{w(i+1)} = V t_{+1} W_{(+1)}, \quad {}^{3} /$$
(26)

 $W_a/2$. 4.

tg

• ,

$$\begin{split} & 13-5 & 13-5-3 \\ \text{ig } \sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} & 13-6 & 13-6-4 \\ \text{ig } \left(t_{i+1} + \sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} \right) & 5-6 & \vdots \\ & (13-6) - (13-5) & 5-6: \text{ tg } \left(t_{i+1} + \sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} \right) - \sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} = t_{i+1} \\ & \text{ tg } \sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} + \frac{\text{tg } t_{i+1}}{2} = \left(\sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} + \frac{t_{i+1}}{2} \right) & \\ & W_{a(i+1)} = 2\text{tg } \left(\sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} + \frac{t_{i+1}}{2} \right) & \sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} & \frac{t_{i+1}}{2} & \\ & W_{a(i+1)} = 2\text{tg } \left(\sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} + \frac{t_{i+1}}{2} \right) & \sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} & \frac{t_{i+1}}{2} & \\ & W_{a(i+1)} = 2\text{tg } \left(\sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} + \frac{t_{i+1}}{2} \right) & \sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} & \frac{t_{i+1}}{2} & \\ & W_{a(i+1)} = 2\text{tg } \left(\sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} + \frac{t_{i+1}}{2} \right) & \sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} & \frac{t_{i+1}}{2} & \\ & W_{a(i+1)} & W_{a(i+1)} & = 2\text{tg } \sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} & A & \\ & W_{a(i+1)} & W_{a(i+1)} & \\ & & W_{a(i+1$$

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3.

4.

$$\sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} = K \quad (. . \qquad t_{i+1} = 0). \qquad -$$

$$, \lim_{t_{i+1} \to 0} W_{a(i+1)} = 2 \operatorname{tg} \sum_{k=1}^{i} t_{k} .$$

$$W_{a(i+1)} \quad , \quad t_{i+1} \to 0.$$

$$\lim_{\substack{t_{i+1} \to 0}} W_{a(i+1)} = \lim_{\substack{t_{i+1} \to 0}} \operatorname{tg} \left(\sum_{k=1}^{n} t_{k} + t_{i+1} \right) = - 2 \quad ,$$

$$z - \qquad (). \qquad 0...z \qquad 0$$

$$2z \operatorname{tg} \qquad t_{(i+1)}$$

$$W_{a(i+1) \min} < W_{a(i+1)} < W_{a(i+1)} < W_{a(i+1) \max}, \qquad W_{a(i+1) \min}$$

$$4. \qquad , \qquad , \qquad ,$$

$$1. \qquad , \qquad , \qquad , \qquad ,$$

$$2. \qquad W_{a(i+1)} = W_{a(i+1)} < W_{a(i+1) \max}, \qquad W_{a(i+1) \min}$$

(*i*+1)-

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0...z, 0 2z tg, z -; -

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